HEADSXUP CONCUSSION IN HOCKEY









SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

Athletes who experience any of the signs and symptoms listed below after a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body may have a concussion.

Signs Observed by	
Coaching Staff	

Appears dazed or stunned

Is confused about assignment or position

Forgets an instruction

Is unsure of game, score, or opponent

Moves clumsily

Answers questions slowly

Loses consciousness (even briefly)

Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes

> Can't recall events prior to hit or fall

Can't recall events after hit or fall

Symptoms Reported by Athlete

Headache or "pressure" in head

Nausea or vomiting

Balance problems or dizziness

Double or blurry vision

Sensitivity to light

Sensitivity to noise

Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy

> Concentration or memory problems

> > Confusion

Does not "feel right" or is "feeling down"

For more information and safety resources, visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion.



If you suspect that an athlete has a concussion, you should take the following four steps:

- 1. Remove the athlete from play.
- 2. Ensure that the athlete is evaluated by a health care professional experienced in evaluating for concussion. Do not try to judge the seriousness of the injury yourself.
- 3. Inform the athlete's parents or quardians about the possible concussion and give them the fact sheet on concussion.
- 4. Keep the athlete out of play the day of the injury and until a health care professional, experienced in evaluating for concussion, says they are symptom-free and it's OK to return to play.

	IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS
Emerge	ncy Medical Services
Name:	
Phone:	
Health Name:	Care Professional
Phone:	
School	Staff Available During Practice
Name:	-
Phone:	
rnone:	
	Staff Available During Games

IT'S BETTER TO MISS ONE GAME THAN THE WHOLE SEASON.